

第15回 大東流無傳塾友好演武大会

The origin of Daito-Ryu Aiki Jujutsu dates back nine hundred years to the Emperor Seiwa (reigned A.D 858 – 876)

and his grandson, Shinra Saburo Minamoto No Yoshimitsu.

Yoshimitsu is considered the founder of the tradition.

His family settled in the village of Takeda in Koma/Kai.

(Now in Yamanashi Prefecture).

There, the art passed through the Takeda clan including

the famous warrior Shingen Takeda. His descendant,

Kunitsugu Takeda, relocated to the Aizu district,

in Fukushima and the art was passed down through

the Aizu Takeda family as "Aizu Han O-Tome Waza."

It was also developed into an art instructed to high

ranking persons for use as secret techniques for indoor

use known as "O-Shiki Uchi"

In 1898, Sokaku Takeda received permission to teach

the art openly from the chief steward of the clan,

Tanomo Saigo (1830 – 1905) with the words:

"the time of the sword is over."

From this point onward, Sokaku, who had until then practiced

the sword arts, began to perfect the arts of jujutsu (unarmed combat).

Sokaku is considered the Chuko no So

("the founder of a renaissance of the art")

Sokaku then emigrated

– a warrior's

travels for

perfecting the art and spreading it to other parts of the country.

This pilgrimage continued until the rest of his life.

In 1909, he traveled to Hokkaido, the northernmost island

with Gaiju Saikichi, who was the chief of the Hokkaido police

in Hokkaido, Sokaku stayed at the inn of Tezuka Horikawa

(the father of Kodo Horikawa), in Yubetsu. From this base,

he traveled to many places to teach Daito-Ryu.



日時：2012年11月4日 13:00～16:00

場所：「北海きたえーる」柔道室 観覧歓迎(無料)

地下鉄東豊線、豊平公園下車、地下道で直結

(駐車場はありません)

URL：<http://muden.jp>